

Acacia armata (Mimosaceae), 48035. **Kangaroo thorn.** From Tangier, Morocco. Seeds presented by M. Jules Goffart, Société d'Horticulture de Tanger. This simple-leaved, prickly acacia has a shrubby stem, 10 to 20 feet high, with graceful branches which are leafy to the tip. The long stamens give a soft fluffy appearance to the heads of opened flowers, which are borne on axillary peduncles longer than the leaves. This plant is much grown for hedges, though less manageable than various other hedge-plants and not so fire proof; it is more important for covering coast sand with an unapproachable prickly vegetation. The wood is small, but beautifully grained, sound and durable. Native in southern Australia. (Adapted from Maiden, Useful Native Plants of Australia, p. 349; and Curtis's Botanical Magazine, pl. 1653.)

Acacia cyanophylla (Mimosaceae), 48040. **Blue-leaved wattle.** From Tangier, Morocco. Seeds presented by M. Jules Goffart, Société d'Horticulture de Tanger. A handsome shrub from western Australia, 18 feet in height, with drooping branches and glabrous, lanceolate phyllodia; the lower ones are 1 foot, the upper, 6 inches in length. The numerous, large, golden yellow flowers are grouped in heads of 3 to 5 on short racemes. The pods are long and narrow. (Adapted from Benthams, Flora Australiensis, vol. 2, p. 364.)

Acacia elongata (Mimosaceae), 48042. From Tangier, Morocco. Seeds presented by M. Jules Goffart, Société d'Horticulture de Tanger. This slender curved-leaved acacia is a graceful species abundant on the Blue Mountains of New South Wales. It has drooping, angular branches, and the younger ones are green and glabrous. The phyllodia are long and linear and bear clusters of peduncled, globose heads of yellow flowers in their axils. These clusters, which so profusely cover the leafy branches, even to the tips, make this a remarkably ornamental plant. It is especially suitable for damp sandy land. (Adapted from Curtis's Botanical Magazine, pl. 3337.)

Acacia homalophylla (Mimosaceae), 48045. From Tangier, Morocco. Seeds presented by M. Jules Goffart, Société d'Horticulture de Tanger. A small tree, abundant on the barren heaths of the interior of New South Wales where it is one of the "spear-woods" of the natives. In Victoria, it grows on the saltbush